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(treadmill) and a competitude were three work periods, urine collection after earlies analyzed for 17 norepinephrine (NE). Hearlies during corresponding cantly higher during treaterences show that the inthe Pong task than during tion of 17-KGS and NE are rate is significant for excretion strengthens the	ach worked at a litive task ("Por each 50 min lor each work period of the each state	physical task with no competitive element ng") with minimal physical activity. There ng. Ten minutes were allowed for rest and . The experimental period lasted 3 h. roids (17-KGS), epinephrine (E), and derived from ambulatory electrocardiograms. differences in excretion of urinary metabothe two tasks. Heart rates were signifine during Pong playing. Rest-to-work differention is significantly greater during task. Rest-to-work differences in excrent. The rest-to-work increase in heart not for Pong. The increase in epinephrine awn from field experiments that this e intensity of air traffic control work per
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to score 15 points wins the game. One of the researchers acted as opponent for all the subjects; she was an expert at the game and was rarely beaten.

On arrival at the laboratory, subjects were requested to void urine and discard it. They then had electrocardiographic electrodes attached to their chests, were given 250 ml of water to drink, and were asked to rest in the supine position on a cot for 50 min. At the end of the rest period, subjects collected a urine specimen and began the first work episode.

The electrocardiogram was recorded on an Avionics Electrocardiocorder for continuous registration of heart rate. Urine specimens were collected in a 500-ml graduate cylinder, the volume was recorded, and aliquots were taken for analysis of 17-ketogenic steroids (17-KGS), epinephrine (E), and norepinephrine (NE). Aliquots were kept frozen in a freezer until analyzed. Urinary stress hormone values are expressed as total weights of the substances excreted during each 50-min episode.

## III. Results.

The results of urine and heart rate analyses are shown in Tables 1 and 2. There are no statistically significant differences in levels of urinary metabolite excretion for corresponding episodes of the two tasks. Heart rates are significantly higher for the treadmill than for the Pong task (Table 1). Rest-to-work differences show that the increment in E excretion is significantly greater during the Pong task than during the treadmill task. Rest-to-work differences in excretion of 17-KGS and NE are not significant for either task. The rest-to-work increase in heart rate is significant for the treadmill but not for the Pong task (Table 2).

## IV. Discussion.

Field experiments have shown that epinephrine excretion is significantly related to traffic count and to radio transmission time (1). The data have strongly suggested that adrenal steroid excretion is related to chronic stressors such as labor-management difficulties (2,3) and that norepinephrine excretion is related to physical activity (4). These experiments strengthen the interpretation that epinephrine excretion is related to mental tasks (5) such as air traffic control and not to physical tasks and therefore is the best single indicator of response to air traffic control work per se.

Comparison of Excretion Values and Heart Rates for Pong and Treadmill Tasks\* TABLE 1.

Heart Rate (Beats Per Minute)	79	79	NS	73	101	0.05	73	100	0.05	70	86	0.01
Excreted NE ng	3,603	4,274	NS	3,809	4,384	NS	3,379	3,813	SN	3,833	3,581	NS
Total Amounts of Hormones Excreted 7-KGS E ng ng	1,237	1,214	SN	1,619	1,741	SN	1,720	1,463	NS	1,750	1,491	NS
Total Amou 17-KGS mg	0.70	0.67	**SN	0.70	0.59	SN	0.62	0.67	SN	0.59	0.58	NS
Task	Rest (Pong)	Rest (T-Mill)	Ф	Pong 1	T-Mill 1	Ъ	Pong 2	T-Mill 2	Ъ	Pong 3	T-Mill 3	Сı

\* Group Averages
\*\* T-test

Statistical Significance of Rest-To-Work Differences for the Various Measurements\* TABLE 2.

Level of Significance of Difference Between Rest and Task (P\*\*)

HEART RATE	NS	NS	NS	0.01	0.01	0.01	
NE	NS	NS	SN .	NS	NS	SN	
ы	0.01	0.01	0.05	NS	NS	NS	
17-KGS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	
TASK	Pong 1	Pong 2	Pong 3	T-Mi11 1	T-Mill 2	T-Mill 3	

\* See Table 1 for actual values.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Paired t-test

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